Early Intervention in Deaf Schools: Adapting to the Needs of Today's Families



Stella Egbert Rosemary Gallegos Barbara Raimondo Maryann Swann National EHDI Conference Atlanta, GA February 2011



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Maryland School for the Deaf

Family Education and Early Childhood Department

Tradition

- The Maryland School for the Deaf began serving young deaf and hard of hearing children in 1968
- Services are provided at No Cost to residents of Maryland
- Commitment to facilitating early language development and communication between children and their families

Commitment

- To providing high quality services to all families (center based and home based services)
- To facilitating early language development and communication between children and their families
- To providing high quality, evidence based early childhood education using scientific based early childhood assessments, curriculum and instructional paradigms
- To providing support to families via Deaf mentors and parent to parent support



Services in Natural Environments

Services are provided in settings where young children gain their "world knowledge"

- at home
- in center based programs at the MSD
- in day care centers
- in local libraries, playgrounds, and other community settings

Intensity, frequency and location of services meet individual outcomes

• IFSP

- Home visits
- Playgroups for infants and toddlers two times a week
- Classes for two and three year olds five mornings a week
- Parent support weekly meetings
- ASL classes for families
- Regional meetings

• IEP

- Classes five mornings a week
- Home visits
- Parent support weekly meetings
- ASL classes for families
- Regional meetings

Assessment: Child Outcomes are developed based on individual strengths and needs

Protocol

- Ages and Stages Questionnaire (completed by parent)
- Early Learning Accomplishment Profile (birth-3)
- Learning Accomplishment Profile (3-5)
- American Sign Language Skill Development Checklist
- French's Language Assessment
- MacArthur Bates Communicative Development Inventory
- ITMAIS: Infant and Toddler Meaningful Auditory Integration Scale
- Work Sampling System (Maryland Model for School Readiness)
- Portfolios: provide artifacts of early literacy, prewriting, and early math skills

Curriculum: Child Outcomes are tied to early childhood approved curriculum to ensure school readiness by age five.

- <u>Healthy Beginnings:</u> <u>www.marylandhealthybeginnings.org</u>
- <u>Creative Curriculum, Teaching Strategies</u>
- Thematic Units and Project Approach

Support Services for auditory learning

- Collaboration with cochlear implant centers
- Audiologist and Speech Language Pathologist provide direct services to children and families
- Tailored to facilitate auditory, speech and language development before, during and after the implant process or the fitting of a hearing aid

Deaf Mentors

- Provide weekly American Sign Language Classes
- Provide home visits to support families in achieving their outcomes
- Provide information and connections for families with the Deaf community
- Facilitate regional and center based parent support groups
- Provide support and resources to staff

Parent to Parent Support

- Family Support and Resource Center
- Lending library
- Bi-monthly newsletter
- Parent to Parent Network
- Parent Support Groups
- State and National Resources
- Provide unbiased information across parent choice, communication modality, school system
- Responsive
- Creative

Collaboration

It's not about turf ... it is about formal and informal

relationships

Formal Relationships

- Maryland State Department of Education
- Interagency agreements with Local Infant and Toddler Programs
- Agency member of (two) local interagency coordinating councils
- Agency member of the Maryland Universal Newborn Hearing Screening Advisory Council
- State Interagency Coordinating Council

Informal Relationships with

- public and private agencies
- Cochlear Implant Centers (four area hospitals)
- Local colleges and universities
- Early Head Start and Head Start
- Childcare Centers and private child care providers

A parent's voice...

When I first found out that my two youngest children have a condition that causes hearing loss, among other things, I could not get on the phone fast enough: doctors, our local county sponsored early intervention program, therapists, support groups - I called them all. The only call that I did not make was to the nearby school for the deaf. Call it fear or denial or whatever you choose. I told myself I was too busy and that they weren't deaf - they were hard of hearing. I finally made the call because I was tired of saying "no" when people asked me if I had done it yet. I could not be happier to have made that call. From the beginning, the teachers, parents, professionals and staff at [the school for the deaf] have made what could have been a truly distressing time instead a time that my children and I enjoy immensely. My children and I have found friends, confidantes, teachers, and all the support we could ask for within the school community. I could not be more grateful for the experience I have had there. Baltimore Co. parent

Contact Information

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NEW MEXICO SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

EHDI and Collaborative Efforts in New Mexico:

Creating Safety Nets, Decreasing Age of Entry and Providing Effective Services

WHY COLLABORATE?

- To create safety nets and avoid lost to follow up
- To use appropriate/effective resources (i.e. specialized expertise)
- To create solutions based on the state's demographic profile
- To share in the collection of data

WHO ARE THE COLLABORATORS IN NEW MEXICO AND WHAT ARE THEIR ROLES IN THE EHDI PROCESS?

- Part C Family Infant Toddler Program Referrals; Maintaining NMSD as a Part C provider; MOU; Funding
- EHDI Program (DOH Children's Medical Services) – Screening Protocol; Collection of information from hospitals and data compilation; grant applications

Who are the collaborators in New Mexico and what are their roles in the EHDI process?

- New Mexico School for the Deaf Early Intervention Statewide Program – Specialized services and primary El service provider; Supporting families through audiological assessment if needed; Member of local community; Deaf Role Model; Heighten awareness; Service Coordination; Utilizing other NMSD program resources; Sharing data
- Community Resources Knowing referral resources for early intervention; Understanding the urgency; Providing appropriate and timely diagnosis

MAKE COLLABORATIVE RELATIONSHIPS OFFICIAL:

- Memorandum of Understanding
- Protocols and procedures
- Special projects (Hearing screening at Early Intervention Agencies, Developmental Screening Initiative ; Member of ICC Child Find Committee; Local ASHA Pre-Conference on EHDI)